

I

(1) 2

(2) 1

(3) 4

(4) 2

(5) 1

(6) 3

(7) 2

II

(1) 1

(2) 3

(3) 2

(4) 4

(5) 1

III

(1) 5—1

(2) 6—7

(3) 3—4

(4) 6—1

(5) 5—6

IV

A	(1) 1	(2) 4	(3) 2	(4) 4	(5) 3	(6) 2
B	(1) 4	(2) 3	(3) 2	(4) 3		

解答例

A proverb says the child is father of the man. What affects one's physical and mental development in childhood should have a great influence on his or her life in society when he or she has grown up. So we have to recognize what factors influence young children and what influences they have on infants.

The first important factor that affects children's development is play. Adults tend to make a clear distinction between play and study, mistakenly applying this distinction to infant education. However, young children learn as much from play as from study. For example, playing with peers teaches them how to cooperate with others whose backgrounds are different from theirs, which will do them a lot of good in the future when they work as adults in society. Also, they can acquire basic physical abilities through playing outdoors, which cannot be acquired through sitting at a desk.

Study is the second factor that affects children's development. When a child studies something he or she is curious about, it encourages him or her to study it deeply and spontaneously. In this way, the child learns how study is essentially interesting.

It is important to let these important factors have a good influence on children's development. Therefore, we should bear in mind what the proverb means and that whatever children experience in their lives can be a great lesson for them.