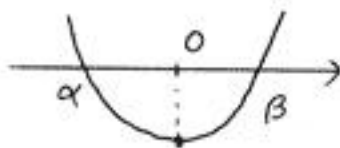


[I]

$$(1) f(x) = x^2 + (1-2k)x + k^2 - 2k$$

と置く.



$f(0) < 0$ が条件.

$$f(0) < 0 \Leftrightarrow k^2 - 2k < 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow k(k-2) < 0$$

$$\text{よって } \underline{0 < k < 2} \quad \dots (答)$$

(2) 同様に考え

$$f(1) < 0$$



$$\Leftrightarrow 1 + (1-2k) + k^2 - 2k < 0$$

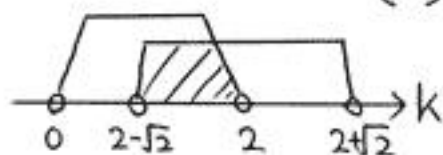
$$\Leftrightarrow k^2 - 4k + 2 < 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \{k - (2+\sqrt{2})\} \{k - (2-\sqrt{2})\} < 0$$

$$\text{よって } \underline{0 < k < 2+\sqrt{2}} \quad \dots (答)$$

$$(3) \begin{cases} f(0) < 0 \\ f(1) < 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 0 < k < 2 \\ 2-\sqrt{2} < k < 2+\sqrt{2} \end{cases} \quad (\because (1), (2))$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \underline{2-\sqrt{2} < k < 2} \quad \dots (答)$$



[II]

$$f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d \text{ とする } f'(x) = 3ax^2 + 2bx + c.$$

条件を代入して.

$$\begin{cases} f'(-1) = 0 \\ f'(3) = 0 \\ f'(0) = 6 \\ f(0) = -5 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 3a - 2b + c = 0 \\ 27a + 6b + c = 0 \\ c = 6 \\ d = -5 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} a = -\frac{2}{3} \\ b = 2 \\ c = 6 \\ d = -5 \end{cases}$$

(1) 上の計算結果から.

$$\underline{f'(x) = -2x^2 + 4x + 6} \quad \dots (答)$$

(2) 上の計算結果から.

$$\underline{f(x) = -\frac{2}{3}x^3 + 2x^2 + 6x - 5} \quad \dots (答)$$

また、 $f'(x) = 0$ なる x は.

$$f'(x) = -2(x^2 - 2x - 3) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x+1)(x-3) = 0 \quad \text{よって}$$

$$x = -1, 3$$

よって増減表は以下のとおり.

x		-1		3	
$f'(x)$	-	0	+	0	-
$f(x)$	↘		↗		↘

$$\text{よって、} \begin{cases} \text{極大値: } f(3) = 13 \\ \text{極小値: } f(-1) = -\frac{25}{3} \end{cases} \quad \dots (答)$$

[III]

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{5}{7} \quad \dots (\frac{5}{2})$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\sqrt{7}}{7} \quad \dots (\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 6\sqrt{6} \quad \dots (\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} \quad \dots (\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{r-r_1}{r+r_1} \quad \dots (\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 2\sqrt{42} \quad \dots (\frac{1}{2})$$