

1.
(1)

$$C_1 : y = \frac{x-3}{x-4} = \frac{x-4+1}{x-4} = 1 + \frac{1}{x-4}$$

$$C_2 : y = \frac{1}{4}(x-1)(x-3) = \frac{1}{4}(x-2)^2 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{x-3}{x-4} = \frac{1}{4}(x-1)(x-3)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4(x-3) = (x-1)(x-3)(x-4) \quad (x \neq 4)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x(x-3)(x-5) = 0 \quad (x \neq 4)$$

よって, $x=0, 3, 5$

$$\text{交点座標は, } \left(0, \frac{3}{4}\right), (3, 0), (5, 2) \quad (\text{答})$$

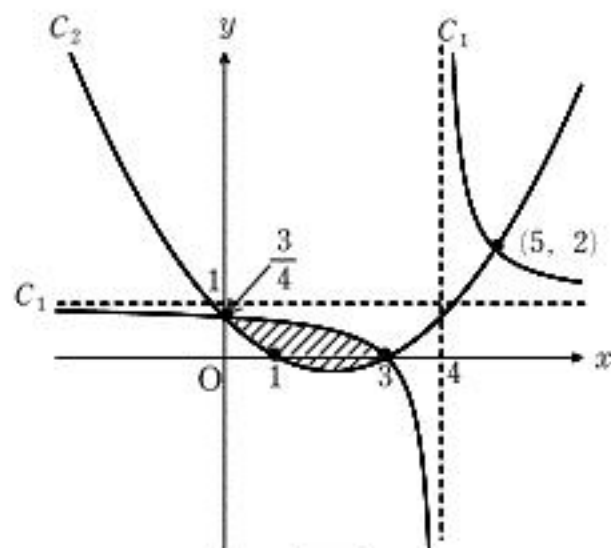


Fig1

(2) (1)を用いて, C_1, C_2 を描くと右上図(Fig.1)の通り. 囲まれた面積を S とすると,

$$\begin{aligned} S &= \int_0^3 \left\{ \frac{x-3}{x-4} - \frac{1}{4}(x-1)(x-3) \right\} dx \\ &= \int_0^3 \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{x-4} - \frac{1}{4}(x^2 - 4x + 3) \right\} dx \\ &= \left[\log|x-4| - \frac{1}{12}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x \right]_0^3 \\ &= -\frac{27}{12} + \frac{9}{2} + \frac{3}{4} - \log 4 \\ &= \underline{\underline{3 - 2\log 2}} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答}) \end{aligned}$$

2.

- (1) 2点
- $A(a, 0)$
- (
- $a > 2$
-),
- $P(2\cos\theta, \sin\theta)$
- (
- $0 < \theta < \pi$
-)

を通る直線の方程式は

$$y = \frac{-\sin\theta}{a-2\cos\theta}(x-a)$$

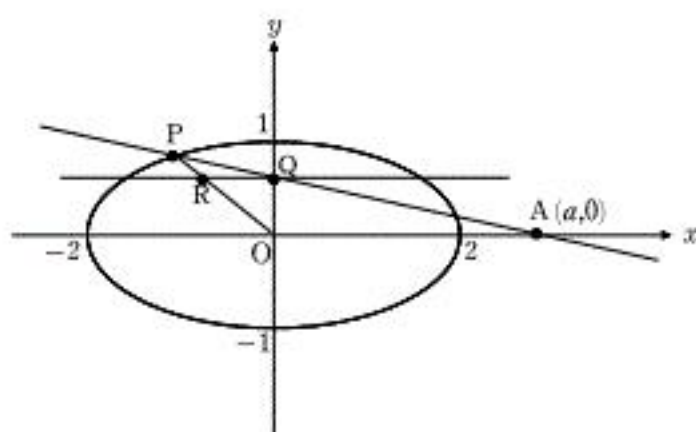
これより, $Q\left(0, \frac{a\sin\theta}{a-2\cos\theta}\right)$ ここで, 直線 OP の方程式は,

$$y = \frac{\sin\theta}{2\cos\theta}x \quad \left(\text{ただし, } \theta \neq \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

より, $R\left(\frac{2a\cos\theta}{a-2\cos\theta}, \frac{a\sin\theta}{a-2\cos\theta}\right)$ (答)

$\left(\text{これは, } \theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ もみたすので, } 0 < \theta < \pi\right)$

$\overline{R(0,1)}$



- (2)
- $f(\theta) = \frac{a\sin\theta}{a-2\cos\theta}$
- (
- $0 < \theta < \pi$
-)

$$f'(\theta) = \frac{a\cos\theta \cdot (a-2\cos\theta) - a\sin\theta \cdot 2\sin\theta}{(a-2\cos\theta)^2}$$

$$= \frac{a(a\cos\theta - 2)}{(a-2\cos\theta)^2}$$

ここで, $\cos\theta = \frac{2}{a}$ ($0 < \frac{2}{a} < 1$) をみたす実数 θ はただ 1 つ存在し, それを α ,つまり, $\cos\alpha = \frac{2}{a}$ ($\sin\alpha = \sqrt{1 - \frac{4}{a^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 - 4}}{a}$) とおくと,

θ	(0)	$\dots$	α	$\dots$	(π)
$f'(\theta)$		+	0	-	
$f(\theta)$		$\nearrow$	(最大)	$\searrow$	

 $\theta = \alpha$ にて, $f(\theta)$ は最大値をとる.

したがって,

$$(\text{最大値}) = f(\alpha) = \frac{a\sin\alpha}{a-2\cos\alpha} = \frac{a \cdot \frac{\sqrt{a^2-4}}{a}}{a-2 \cdot \frac{2}{a}} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2-4}} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$

- (3)

$$g(\theta) = \overline{OR}^2 = \left(\frac{2a\cos\theta}{a-2\cos\theta}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{a\sin\theta}{a-2\cos\theta}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{a^2(3\cos^2\theta + 1)}{(a-2\cos\theta)^2}$$

$$= \frac{a^2(3t^2 + 1)}{(a-2t)^2}$$

$$= G(t)$$

 $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{ } \end{array} \right\} t = \cos\theta \quad (-1 < t < 1) \text{ とおく}$

$$G'(t) = \frac{6a^2t \cdot (a-2t)^2 - a^2(3t^2+1) \cdot 2(a-2t) \cdot (-2)}{(a-2t)^4}$$

$$= \frac{2a^2(3at+2)}{(a-2t)^3}$$

t	(-1)	$\dots$	$-\frac{2}{3a}$	$\dots$	(1)
$G'(t)$		-	0	+	
$G(t)$		$\searrow$	(最小)	$\nearrow$	

したがって,

$$(\text{最小値}) = G\left(-\frac{2}{3a}\right) = \frac{3a^2}{3a^2+4} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$

3.

(1) $f(x) = x^4 - 2(a+1)x^3 + 3ax^2$ ($a > 0$) とする.

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 6(a+1)x^2 + 6ax$$

$$f''(x) = 12x^2 - 12(a+1)x + 6a$$

ここで, $2x^2 - 2(a+1)x + a = 0$ とすると $x = \frac{a+1 \pm \sqrt{a^2+1}}{2}$

$$\left(\alpha = \frac{a+1 - \sqrt{a^2+1}}{2}, \beta = \frac{a+1 + \sqrt{a^2+1}}{2} \text{ とする.} \right)$$

x	...	α	...	β	...
$f''(x)$	+	0	-	0	+
$f(x)$		(変曲点)		(変曲点)	

$P(\alpha, f(\alpha)), Q(\beta, f(\beta))$ としてよく, $\beta - \alpha = \sqrt{2}$ より,

$$\frac{a+1 + \sqrt{a^2+1}}{2} - \frac{a+1 - \sqrt{a^2+1}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sqrt{a^2+1} = \sqrt{2}$$

これより, $a=1$ (答)

(別解)

解と係数の関係により,

$$\begin{cases} \alpha + \beta = a+1 \\ \alpha\beta = \frac{a}{2} \end{cases}$$

増減表より, $x = \alpha, \beta$ ($\alpha < \beta$) で変曲点をもつ.

$$(\beta - \alpha)^2 = (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 4\alpha\beta = (\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (a+1)^2 - 4 \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow a^2 = 1 \quad \therefore \underline{a=1} \quad (>0)$$

(2) 2点 P, Q の中点を $M(x, y)$ とする.

$$P\left(\underline{1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}, f(\alpha)\right), Q\left(\underline{1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}, f(\beta)\right)$$

$\alpha \qquad \qquad \qquad \beta$

ここで,

$$f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 + 3x^2$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 12x^2 + 6x$$

$$f''(x) = 12x^2 - 24x + 6$$

より, $f(x) = \frac{1}{12}f''(x)\left(x^2 - 2x - \frac{3}{2}\right) - 2x + \frac{3}{4}$ だから

$$\begin{cases} f(\alpha) = -2\alpha + \frac{3}{4} = -\frac{5}{4} + \sqrt{2} \\ f(\beta) = -2\beta + \frac{3}{4} = -\frac{5}{4} - \sqrt{2} \end{cases}$$

したがって,

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{5}{4} + \sqrt{2}\right) \\ Q\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{5}{4} - \sqrt{2}\right) \end{array} \right\} \text{中点}\left(1, -\frac{5}{4}\right)$$

これより, $R(1, 0)$

よって, $\triangle PQR = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(0 + \frac{5}{4}\right) \cdot \sqrt{2} = \underline{\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{8}}$ (答)

(3) 点 $P(\alpha, f(\alpha))$ での接線を l_p , 点 $Q(\beta, f(\beta))$ での接線を l_q とすると,

$$\begin{aligned} l_p: y &= (4\alpha^3 - 12\alpha^2 + 6\alpha)(x - \alpha) + \alpha^4 - 4\alpha^3 + 3\alpha^2 \\ &= (4\alpha^3 - 12\alpha^2 + 6\alpha)x - 3\alpha^4 + 8\alpha^3 - 3\alpha^2 \end{aligned}$$

ここで,

$$x^4 - 4x^3 + 3x^2 = (4\alpha^3 - 12\alpha^2 + 6\alpha)x - 3\alpha^4 + 8\alpha^3 - 3\alpha^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x - \alpha)^2 \{x^2 + (2\alpha - 4)x + 3\alpha^2 - 8\alpha + 3\} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (x - \alpha)^3 \{x + 3\alpha - 4\} = 0 \quad (2\alpha^2 - 4\alpha + 1 = 0 \text{ より})$$

点 $P'_x = 4 - 3\alpha$, 同様に, 点 $Q'_x = 4 - 3\beta$

これより,

$$\frac{P'_x + Q'_x}{2} = \frac{8 - 3(\alpha + \beta)}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = \underline{1} \quad \text{..... (答)}$$

4.

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2ak+6b}{k(k+1)(k+3)} &= \frac{p}{k} + \frac{q}{k+1} + \frac{r}{k+3} \\ &= \frac{(p+q+r)k^2 + (4p+3q+r)k + 3p}{k(k+1)(k+3)} \leftarrow (\text{すべての自然数 } k \text{ で成立})\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ゆえに } \begin{cases} p+q+r=0 \\ 4p+3q+r=2a \\ 3p=6b \end{cases} \quad \text{したがって } \begin{cases} p=2b \\ q=a-3b \\ r=-a+b \end{cases} \quad \text{.....(答)}$$

$$(2) \quad (b=0 \text{ のとき}) \quad x_k = \frac{a}{k+1} + \frac{-a}{k+3} = a \left(\frac{1}{k+1} - \frac{1}{k+3} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{k=1}^n x_k &= a \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{k+1} - \frac{1}{k+3} \right) \leftarrow (n \geq 3) \\ &= a \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} \right) + \cdots + \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+3} \right) \right\} \\ &= a \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n+2} - \frac{1}{n+3} \right) \\ &= \frac{an(5n+13)}{6(n+2)(n+3)} \quad \text{.....(答)}\end{aligned}$$

(a=0 のとき)

$$\begin{aligned}x_k &= \frac{2b}{k} + \frac{-3b}{k+1} + \frac{b}{k+3} \\ &= b \left\{ 2 \left(\frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k+1} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{k+1} - \frac{1}{k+3} \right) \right\} \\ \sum_{k=1}^n x_k &= 2b \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k+1} \right) - b \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{k+1} - \frac{1}{k+3} \right) \leftarrow (n \geq 4) \\ &= 2b \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+1} \right) - b \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n+2} - \frac{1}{n+3} \right) \\ &= \frac{bn(7n^2+42n+59)}{6(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} \quad \text{.....(答)}\end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^n x_k}_{(b=0)} + \underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^n x_k}_{(a=0)} \right) \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{an(5n+13)}{6(n+2)(n+3)} + \frac{bn(7n^2+42n+59)}{6(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} \right\} \\ &= \frac{5}{6}a + \frac{7}{6}b = \frac{1}{6}(5a+7b) \quad \text{.....(答)}\end{aligned}$$

5.

$$1 \leq a \leq 7, 1 \leq b \leq 7, 1 \leq c \leq 7$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{長さ}(a, b, c) \\ \text{長さ}\left(\frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{b}, \frac{1}{c}\right) \end{array} \right\} \text{三角形が成立}$$

$$(1) \quad \boxed{a=b>c} \left(\frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{b} < \frac{1}{c} \right) \quad \cdots \cdots \textcircled{1}$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 < c < 2a \\ 0 < \frac{1}{c} < \frac{2}{a} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} c < 2a \\ a < 2c \end{cases}$$

$$\text{ゆえに, } \frac{c}{2} < a < 2c \quad \textcircled{1} \text{より, } \underline{\underline{c < a < 2c}}$$

したがって,

$$(a, c) = (3, 2), (4, 3), (5, 3), (5, 4), (6, 4), \\ (7, 4), (6, 5), (7, 5), (7, 6)$$

$$(a, b, c) = (3, 3, 2), (4, 4, 3), (5, 5, 3), (5, 5, 4), (6, 6, 4), \\ (7, 7, 4), (6, 6, 5), (7, 7, 5), (7, 7, 6)$$

$$\underline{\underline{9 \text{ (個)}}} \quad \cdots \cdots \text{ (答)}$$

$$(2) \quad \boxed{a>b>c} \left(\frac{1}{a} < \frac{1}{b} < \frac{1}{c} \right) \quad \cdots \cdots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} a-b < c < a+b \\ \frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a} < \frac{1}{c} < \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{a} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} a-b < c < a+b \\ c(a-b) < ab < c(a+b) \end{cases}$$

$$\bullet (b=2) \quad \textcircled{2} \text{より, } c=1, a \geq 3$$

$$\begin{cases} a-2 < 1 < a+2 \\ a-2 < 2a < a+2 \end{cases}$$

$3 \leq a \leq 7$ の a は存在せず不適

$$\bullet (b=3) \quad \textcircled{2} \text{より, } a>3>c$$

$$\begin{cases} a-3 < c < a+3 \\ c(a-3) < 3a < c(a+3) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{これをみたすのは, } (a, c) = (4, 2)$$

$$\text{ゆえに, } (a, b, c) = (4, 3, 2)$$

$$\bullet (b=4) \quad \textcircled{2} \text{より, } a>4>c$$

$$\begin{cases} a-4 < c < a+4 \\ c(a-4) < 4a < c(a+4) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{これをみたすのは, } (a, c) = (5, 3), (6, 3)$$

$$\text{ゆえに, } (a, b, c) = (5, 4, 3), (6, 4, 3)$$

$$\bullet (b=5) \quad \textcircled{2} \text{より, } a>5>c$$

$$\begin{cases} a-5 < c < a+5 \\ c(a-5) < 5a < c(a+5) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{これをみたすのは, } (a, c) = (6, 3), (6, 4), (7, 3), (7, 4)$$

$$\text{ゆえに, } (a, b, c) = (6, 5, 3), (6, 5, 4), (7, 5, 3), (7, 5, 4)$$

$$\bullet (b=6) \quad \textcircled{2} \text{より, } a>6>c \text{ より } a=7$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 < c < 13 \\ c < 42 < 13c \end{cases}$$

$$\text{これをみたすのは, } (a, c) = (7, 4), (7, 5)$$

$$\text{ゆえに, } (a, b, c) = (7, 6, 4), (7, 6, 5)$$

$$\text{以上より, } 1+2+4+2=9$$

$$\text{よって, } \underline{\underline{9 \text{ (個)}}} \quad \cdots \cdots \text{ (答)}$$

(3)

$$\bullet a=b>c, b=c>a, c=a>b \quad \cdots \cdots 9 \cdot 3 = 27 \text{ (個)}$$

$$\bullet a>b=c, b>c=a, c>a=b \quad \cdots \cdots 27 \text{ (個)} \text{ (上記と同様)}$$

$$\bullet a>b>c, a>c>b, b>a>c, \\ b>c>a, c>a>b, c>b>a \quad \cdots \cdots 9 \cdot 6 = 54 \text{ (個)}$$

$$\bullet a=b=c \quad \cdots \cdots (1, 1, 1) \sim (7, 7, 7) \text{ の } 7 \text{ (個)}$$

$$27+27+54+7=115$$

$$\text{よって, } \underline{\underline{115 \text{ (個)}}} \quad \cdots \cdots \text{ (答)}$$