

【Ⅱ】

問 1

$$f(x) = \int_1^x t(x-t+1)e^{-(x-t+1)^2} dt$$

$$u = x - t + 1 \text{ とおく. } du = -dt$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} t & 1 \rightarrow x \\ \hline u & x \rightarrow 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \int_x^1 (x+1-u)ue^{-u^2} \cdot (-1) du \\ &= x \int_1^x ue^{-u^2} du + \int_1^x (1-u)ue^{-u^2} du \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{よって, } f'(x) &= \int_1^x ue^{-u^2} du + x \cdot xe^{-x^2} + (1-x)xe^{-x^2} \\ &= \int_1^x ue^{-u^2} du + xe^{-x^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{①で, } u^2 = v \text{ とおく. } 2udu = dv$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} u & 1 \rightarrow x \\ \hline v & 1 \rightarrow x^2 \end{array}$$

$$(\text{①}) = \int_1^{x^2} e^{-v} \cdot \frac{1}{2} dv = -\frac{1}{2} [e^{-v}]_1^{x^2} = -\frac{1}{2} (e^{-x^2} - e^{-1})$$

$$\text{よって, } \underline{f'(x) = xe^{-x^2} - \frac{1}{2}e^{-x^2} + \frac{1}{2e}} \quad (\text{答})$$

問 2

$$F(x) = f(x) - g(x) \quad (x > 0) \text{ とおく.}$$

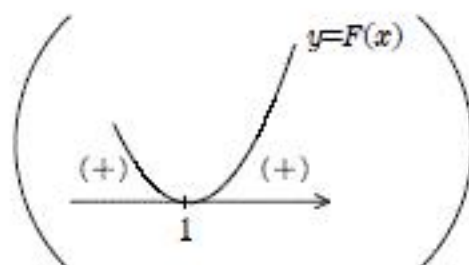
$$F'(x) = f'(x) - g'(x) = \frac{1}{2e} - \frac{1}{2e^{x^2}}$$

x	(0)	...	1	...	(+\infty)
$F'(x)$		-	0	+	
$F(x)$		↘	0	↗	

$$F(1) = f(1) - g(1) = 0$$

となる.

$$\text{したがって, } \underline{\begin{cases} f(x) = g(x) & \dots\dots (x=1) \\ f(x) > g(x) & \dots\dots (0 < x < 1, 1 < x) \end{cases}} \quad (\text{答})$$



問 3

$$(\text{傾き}) = f'(\sqrt{2}) - g'(\sqrt{2}) = \frac{1}{2e} - \frac{1}{2e^2} = g(\sqrt{2}) \text{ で点}(1, 0) \text{ を通る直線は,}$$

$$y = g(\sqrt{2})(x-1)$$

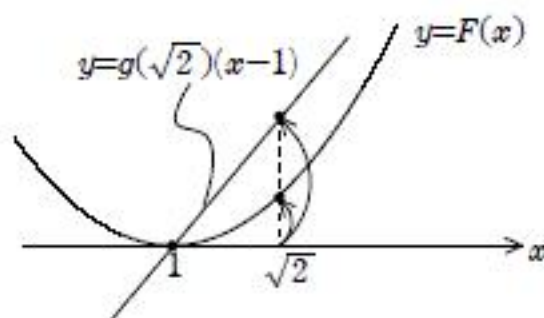
$$\text{問 2 より, } F(x) = f(x) - g(x) \quad (x > 0) \text{ だから,}$$

$$F'(x) = f'(x) - g'(x) = \frac{1}{2e} - \frac{1}{2}e^{-x^2} = \underline{\underline{g(x)}}$$

$$F''(x) = g'(x) = xe^{-x^2} \quad (> 0) \leftarrow (y = F(x) \text{ 下に凸})$$

右図の $x = \sqrt{2}$ を代入した値を比べ,

$$\begin{aligned} F(\sqrt{2}) &< g(\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{2}-1) \\ \Leftrightarrow f(\sqrt{2}) - g(\sqrt{2}) &< \sqrt{2}g(\sqrt{2}) - g(\sqrt{2}) \\ \Leftrightarrow f(\sqrt{2}) &< \sqrt{2}g(\sqrt{2}) \quad \dots\dots \text{②} \end{aligned}$$



さらに,

$$\begin{aligned} F(\sqrt{2}) &= f(\sqrt{2}) - g(\sqrt{2}) > 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow g(\sqrt{2}) &< f(\sqrt{2}) \quad \dots\dots \text{③} \end{aligned}$$

②, ③より,

$$\begin{aligned} g(\sqrt{2}) &< f(\sqrt{2}) < \sqrt{2}g(\sqrt{2}) \\ \Leftrightarrow \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{e} - \frac{1}{e^2}\right)}} &< f(\sqrt{2}) < \underline{\underline{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\left(\frac{1}{e} - \frac{1}{e^2}\right)}} \end{aligned}$$

④より,

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{e} - \frac{1}{e^2}\right) > \frac{1}{2}(0.367 - 0.136) = 0.1155 > 0.115$$

⑤より,

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\left(\frac{1}{e} - \frac{1}{e^2}\right) < \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(0.368 - 0.135) < \frac{1.415 \cdot 0.1165}{(0.1048 \dots)} < 0.165$$

以上より,

$$\underline{0.115 < f(\sqrt{2}) < 0.165 \text{ は示された. (証明終)}}$$

【Ⅲ】

問 1

2 点 $P(t, t^2)$, $Q(t-5, t^2-4t+2)$ を通る直線の傾きは,

$$\frac{t^2 - (t^2 - 4t + 2)}{t - (t - 5)} = \frac{4t - 2}{5} \quad (= \text{傾き})$$

よって、直線 PQ の方程式は,

$$y = \frac{4t-2}{5}(x-t) + t^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow y = \frac{4t-2}{5}x + \frac{t^2+2t}{5}$$

したがって、(線分 PQ の方程式) $y = \frac{4t-2}{5}x + \frac{t^2+2t}{5} \quad (t-5 \leq x \leq t)$ (答) ①

問 2

$$\textcircled{1} \Leftrightarrow t^2 + 2(2x+1)t - 2x - 5y = 0 \quad (x \leq t \leq x+5) \quad \text{..... ②}$$

ここで,

$$f(t) = t^2 + 2(2x+1)t - 2x - 5y$$

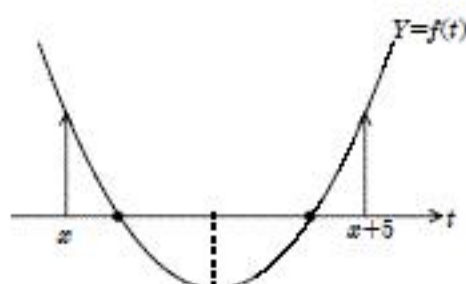
$$= \{t + (2x+1)\}^2 - 4x^2 - 6x - 1 - 5y$$

②が $x \leq t \leq x+5$ かつ $1 \leq t \leq 3$ に少なくとも 1 つは実数解をもつ条件を調べればよい.

(i) 2 実解 (重解も含む) をもつとき,

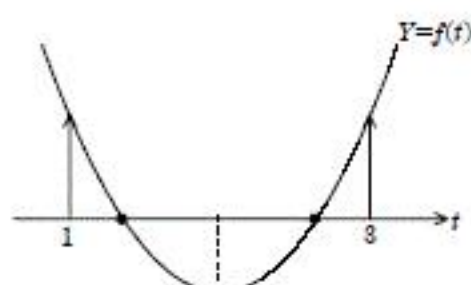
$$\begin{cases} -4x^2 - 6x - 1 - 5y \leq 0 \\ x \leq -2x - 1 \leq x + 5 \\ f(x) = 5(x^2 - y) \geq 0 \\ f(x+5) = 5(x^2 + 6x + 7 - y) \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} y \geq \frac{1}{5}(-4x^2 - 6x - 1) \\ -2 \leq x \leq -\frac{1}{3} \\ y \leq x^2 \\ y \leq x^2 + 6x + 7 \end{cases} \quad \text{..... ③}$$



$$\begin{cases} y \geq \frac{1}{5}(-4x^2 - 6x - 1) \\ 1 \leq -2x - 1 \leq 3 \\ f(1) = 2x - 5y + 3 \geq 0 \\ f(3) = 10x - 5y + 15 \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} y \geq \frac{1}{5}(-4x^2 - 6x - 1) \\ -2 \leq x \leq -1 \\ y \leq \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{3}{5} \\ y \leq 2x + 3 \end{cases} \quad \text{..... ④}$$



(ii) 1 実解をもつとき

$$\begin{cases} y \geq x^2 \\ y \leq x^2 + 6x + 7 \end{cases} \quad \text{または} \quad \begin{cases} y \leq x^2 \\ y \geq x^2 + 6x + 7 \end{cases} \quad \text{..... ⑤}$$

$$\begin{cases} y \geq \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{3}{5} \\ y \leq 2x + 3 \end{cases} \quad \text{または} \quad \begin{cases} y \leq \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{3}{5} \\ y \geq 2x + 3 \end{cases} \quad \text{..... ⑥}$$

以上(i), (ii)より, (③または⑤) かつ (④または⑥) を図示すると, 次の図の斜線部分.

(ただし, 境界は含まれる)

