

2009 年度入学試験問題

英 語

注 意 事 項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子を開かないこと。
2. この問題の本文は、14 ページである。印刷不鮮明の箇所及び脱落などがあれば、ただちに申し出ること。
3. 解答用紙は1枚である。解答はすべて指定された解答欄に明確にマークすること。
4. 受験番号を解答用紙及び問題冊子の所定の欄にはっきり記入すること。
5. 鉛筆(HB)、消しゴム以外の筆記用具は、使用しないこと。
6. 用便、中途退室等用件のある場合は、無言のまま手をあげて監督者の指示を受けること。
7. 答案が完成しても、退室してはいけない。
8. 配布された問題冊子及び解答用紙は必ず提出すること。

受験 番号				
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◇M1(034-1)

I. 次の英文を読んで後続く設問 ~ に答えなさい。

You have probably noticed that McDonald's menu includes a smile for 0 yen. Have you ever ordered a smile? Like many other companies, the restaurant chain has recognized that they can improve their sales by training their employees to smile. Smiling is not just good for business; it can have a strong impact on your personal life. You can improve your looks, your attitude, and even your physical health just by smiling.

First of all, smiling makes a good first impression on the people you meet. When you smile at someone, you show that you are to see them. In addition, people who smile are more attractive than people who frown. You can wear nice clothes and expensive jewelry, but without a smile the money you have spent on them will be wasted. A smile is the best free fashion accessory you can have.

A second benefit of smiling is the it can have on your mood. You probably smile when you are happy, but if you are not happy, forcing yourself to smile can actually make you feel better. Your feelings and actions are connected. You cannot control your feelings, but you can control your actions. By smiling you can trick your body into thinking you are happy, and soon you really will be.

Finally, smiling can make you healthier. Studies show that smiling actually lowers your blood pressure. Try taking your blood pressure without smiling, and then take it again after smiling for at least a full minute. The measurement should be lower after smiling. Smiling also boost your immune system, possibly because it makes you more relaxed.

To sum up, if you want to be better looking, happier, and healthier, smile you can. You might be surprised at what an improvement this simple action can have on your life.

A. 英文中の ~ の空所に入れるのに最も適する語句を 1 ~ 4 の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

1. as well 2. also 3. however 4. greater

1. glad 2. going 3. doubtless 4. worried

1. affectation 2. affect 3. effect 4. effort

1. helps 2. helped 3. helping 4. has helped

1. much as 2. as much 3. as 4. as much as

B. 6 ~ 10 のそれぞれの設問に対して最も適した答えを 1 ~ 4 の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

6 What would be the best title for this article?

1. Smiles at McDonald's
2. The Benefits of Smiling
3. How to Look Good
4. Smile for Your Health

7 Why do companies train their employees to smile?

1. Smiling helps companies sell more goods.
2. Smiling employees are healthier.
3. Smiling is free.
4. Smiling is an important part of the menu.

8 How does smiling make a good impression on people?

1. It means that you are attracted.
2. It means that you are not frowning.
3. It means that you are happy to meet them.
4. It means that you have good fashion.

9 Why should you smile even if you are not happy?

1. Smiling can help you control your actions.
2. Smiling will make you glad to see other people.
3. Smiling will reduce your mood.
4. Smiling can help make you happy.

10

What effects does smiling have on your health?

1. It can improve your immune system and reduce your blood pressure.
2. It can raise your blood pressure and boost your immune system.
3. It can make your heart stronger.
4. It can help you enjoy taking your blood pressure.

II. 次の英文の [11] ~ [20] の空所に入れるのに最も適する語句を 1 ~ 4 の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

Dear Hideo,

Hello. How are you doing? Well, big news for you. My son Chris and Jenny got married September 15. The wedding was very nice, and the reception, held outside, was really [11]. They hired a popular Seattle band, so the music was excellent. The weather cooperated beautifully, too. It was a cool night with clear sky, sprinkled with stars and gleaming with a gigantic full moon. Champagne flowed freely — it was quite a party! I came back home to Houston the next day, totally [12]

Chris and Jenny came here to Houston for Christmas. They were very busy going around to visit relatives; and they took a four-day trip to Puerto Vallarta in Mexico. Jenny is getting her Master's in Romance Linguistics and speaks Spanish fluently. She goes to Mexico or South America every summer but [13] last summer because she was so busy teaching and planning the wedding.

[14], my dad came down [15] pneumonia and had to go to the hospital. After he got over that, the doctor thought it would be best to put him in a nursing home to try to regain some strength before coming home and to give my Mom a break. He was there for a month. He came home Friday and is already driving us crazy. He is a bad [16], bored, and terrified to die. He keeps asking us to do something to cure him, and, of course, there's nothing we can do. Unfortunately, he's still quite determined, so this could go on for a very long time. He does complain about every little routine until I become angry. I guess this whole difficulty is a lesson in [17] for me. I hope I can learn it quickly!

I've thought about you so many times, and I am ashamed that I have not written you sooner. Anyway, thank you very much for sending the photos. I

love the one best you and I stand on the beach with a big, green island in the background. I really your friendship and consideration.

I wish I were with you in Japan again and I spend all my time trying to think of a way to do it without my parents' feelings.

Your friend,

Helen

1. amusement 2. thrill 3. excitement 4. fun
1. exhausted 2. satisfaction 3. refreshing 4. gratifying
1. hadn't 2. shouldn't have
3. wouldn't have 4. couldn't
1. After two days on Christmas 2. Two days after Christmas
3. Two days later than Christmas 4. In two days of Christmas
1. for 2. to 3. with 4. in
1. lover 2. patient 3. keeper 4. lord
1. patience 2. patiently
3. passion 4. passionately
1. which 2. to which 3. with which 4. in which

19

1. tell

2. touch

3. appreciate

4. reconsider

20

1. keeping

2. hurting

3. borrowing

4. storing

- Ⅲ. 次の 21 ~ 25 の英文に、その下に書かれている で囲まれている文章を挿入するにはどの箇所が最も適していますか。文中に示された〔 1 〕～〔 4 〕の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

21 Ms. Kanai lives in an apartment in Setagaya. She doesn't work because she's very old.〔 1 〕 She isn't rich, but she has enough money to buy food and pay the rent herself.〔 2 〕 This old lady has one big problem, however.〔 3 〕 She loves cats. She feeds 8 cats every day.〔 4 〕 Ms. Kanai doesn't mind the noise herself, but her neighbors certainly do.

Her neighbors get angry at her because the cats make a terrible noise.

22 Like most people, I hate riding the train to work in the morning. To start with, just getting on the train is a problem.〔 1 〕 The platform is crowded with people, and when the train arrives I have to try to squeeze into the car.〔 2 〕 Once on the train, it is hard to find a comfortable place to stand.〔 3 〕 Sometimes it is so crowded that I cannot even find a strap to hold onto.〔 4 〕 When the train finally gets to my stop, I have to push my way out through the people blocking the door.

Sometimes the train is already full and I have to wait for the next one.

23 If you plan on going to the beach this summer, several items are essential for getting the most enjoyment out of your vacation. [1] It is needed for lying on while you are getting your tan as well as for drying off after swimming. [2] Next, sunscreen and a large hat are important if you don't want to get a painful sunburn. [3] The right kind of shoes are also important. You don't want to walk around with sand in your shoes, so sandals or flip flops are best. [4] Finally, the sun and wind can dehydrate you quickly, so take a cooler filled with water or your favorite drinks so you won't dry out.

No one would go to the beach without a swimsuit, but the next most important item is a towel.

24 When you are in another country, it is important to know the language, but it is equally important to know how to communicate nonverbally. [1] Before saying anything, people communicate nonverbally or by making gestures. [2] According to a pioneer in nonverbal communication, only 30 to 35 percent of our communication is verbal. [3] When people don't know the language, the most common way to communicate is through gestures. [4] However, many gestures have different meanings, or no meaning at all, in different parts of the world.

The rest is nonverbal.

25

Dr. Albert Einstein was one of the greatest scientists of all time, but his response to life was simple and direct. [1] Once when he was out in a very hard rain, he took off his hat and put it under his coat. [2] When he was asked why he had done that, he simply replied that the rain would damage his hat but it couldn't hurt his hair. [3] Another time he appeared in slacks, a sweater, and tennis shoes at a party given to honor a distinguished guest. [4] He just didn't think the way a person dressed was important.

He did not mean to be disrespectful to his host or the honored guest.

IV. 次の〔A群〕 26 ～ 35 の文章に対する返事として最も適しているものを、

〔B群〕 a ～ jの中から選びなさい。

〔A群〕

- 26 Could you please help me with this package?
- 27 Didn't you have breakfast this morning?
- 28 Could you tell me how to get to the university?
- 29 Who borrowed my book?
- 30 What does your father do?
- 31 Is Mark in?
- 32 What's the matter?
- 33 What is your father like?
- 34 Why didn't you come to my party last night?
- 35 Please get your own dinner tonight.

(B群)

- a I think Mark did.
- b I've lost my wallet.
- c No, he isn't.
- d Sure, let me carry it for you.
- e He is quiet and kind.
- f Sure, you should take the number 3 bus.
- g He is a high school teacher.
- h No, I didn't have time.
- i Why, are you coming home late?
- j I thought it was tonight.

- 43 Is there anything you've done in your past that you now wish you ()?
1. didn't do
 2. should have done
 3. haven't done
 4. hadn't done
- 44 If you forgot your pencil, you can use one of ().
1. my
 2. mine
 3. mines
 4. our
- 45 Do you know how () so wealthy?
1. did she become
 2. she became
 3. had she become
 4. was she become
- 46 The winter was () bitterly cold that all the streams were frozen.
1. not
 2. such
 3. too
 4. so
- 47 I'm absolutely delighted. I ().
1. won't be happy
 2. couldn't be happier
 3. couldn't be happiest
 4. wouldn't be happy
- 48 The children are outside. I can see them () in the garden.
1. to play
 2. to be playing
 3. playing
 4. being played
- 49 She () when her alarm clock went off at 6 o'clock.
1. sleeps
 2. slept
 3. has slept
 4. was sleeping
- 50 I give () every Christmas.
1. a present my mother
 2. my mother a present
 3. my mother to a present
 4. my mother for a present