

$$\boxed{\text{(赤) (白)}} \leftarrow \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3} \quad \text{(白)} \leftarrow \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\cdot 3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^3 = \boxed{\frac{8}{81}} \quad (\text{答})$$

|         |   |         |   |         |   |             |   |             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------|---|---------|---|---------|---|-------------|---|-------------|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | 2 | 3       | 4 | 5       | 6 | 7           | 8 | 9           | 10 | $\left. \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^5 = \frac{1}{243} \\ 2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^4 \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{243} \\ 4 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^3 \cdot \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^2 = \frac{16}{243} \\ 3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 \cdot \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^3 = \frac{24}{243} \\ \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^1 \cdot \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^4 = \frac{16}{243} \end{array} \right\}$ |
| (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白)     |   | (赤) (白)     |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白)     |   | (白)         |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|         |   | 〃       |   |         |   | (白) (赤) (白) |   | (白) (赤) (白) |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   | (白) (白)     |   |             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ⋈       |   |         |   |         |   |             |   |             |    | $\left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 \cdot \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^3 = \frac{24}{243} \\ \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^1 \cdot \left( \frac{2}{3} \right)^4 = \frac{16}{243} \end{array} \right\}$                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| (赤) (白) |   | (白) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   | (白)         |   |             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ⋈       |   |         |   |         |   |             |   |             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| (白) (白) |   | (白) (白) |   | (赤) (白) |   |             |   |             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|         |   |         |   |         |   |             |   |             |    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

$$\text{これらの和をとって, } \frac{1+4+16+24+16}{243} = \boxed{\frac{61}{243}} \quad (\text{答})$$

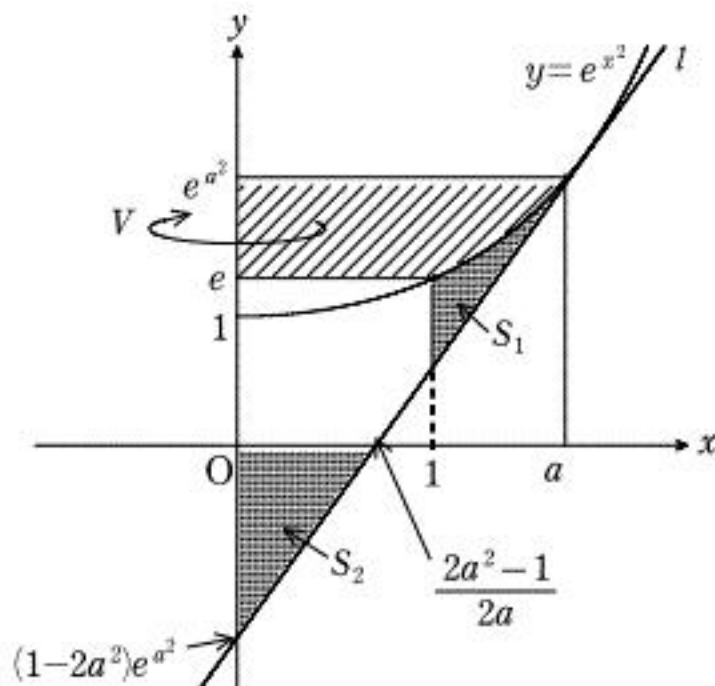
(1)  $y = e^{x^2}$  より,  $y' = 2xe^{x^2}$

点  $(a, e^{a^2})$  での接線  $l$  の方程式は,

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2ae^{a^2}(x-a) + e^{a^2} \\ \Leftrightarrow y &= 2ae^{a^2}x + (1-2a^2)e^{a^2} \end{aligned}$$

次に,

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi \int_e^{e^{a^2}} x^2 dy \\ &= \pi \int_e^{e^{a^2}} \log y dy \\ &= \pi [y \log y - y]_e^{e^{a^2}} \\ &= (a^2 - 1)e^{a^2} \pi \end{aligned} \quad (\text{答})$$



(2)

$$\begin{aligned} S_1 &= \int_1^a \{e^{x^2} - 2ae^{a^2}x + (2a^2 - 1)e^{a^2}\} dx \\ &= \int_1^a e^{x^2} dx + (a^3 - 2a^2 + 1)e^{a^2} \quad \dots\dots ① \end{aligned}$$

ここで,  $1 \leq x \leq a$  において,  $e \leq e^{x^2} \leq e^{a^2}$  より,

$$\begin{aligned} \int_1^a e dx &< \int_1^a e^{x^2} dx < \int_1^a e^{a^2} dx \\ \Leftrightarrow e(a-1) &< \int_1^a e^{x^2} dx < e^{a^2}(a-1) \quad \dots\dots ② \end{aligned}$$

$$S_2 = \frac{1}{2}(2a^2 - 1)e^{a^2} \cdot \frac{2a^2 - 1}{2a} = \frac{(2a^2 - 1)^2 e^{a^2}}{4a} (> 0) \quad \dots\dots ③$$

①, ②, ③より,

$$\begin{aligned} (a^3 - 2a^2 + 1)e^{a^2} + e(a-1) &< S_1 < (a-1)e^{a^2} + (a^3 - 2a^2 + 1)e^{a^2} \\ \Leftrightarrow \frac{(a^3 - 2a^2 + 1)e^{a^2} + e(a-1)}{(2a^2 - 1)^2 e^{a^2}} &< \frac{S_1}{S_2} < \frac{(a^3 - 2a^2 + a)e^{a^2}}{(2a^2 - 1)^2 e^{a^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{最左辺}) &\rightarrow 1 \quad (a \rightarrow \infty) \\ (\text{最右辺}) &\end{aligned}$$

はさみうちの原理より,

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \frac{S_1}{S_2} = 1 \quad (\text{答})$$

(1)  $0 < x \leq \pi$  より,  $0 < 2ax \leq 2a\pi$

$$\text{ここで, } \begin{cases} \cos x \leq \cos 2ax & \dots\dots ① \\ \sin 2ax \leq 0 & \dots\dots ② \end{cases}$$

②より,  $(2l-1)\pi \leq 2ax \leq 2l\pi$  ( $l=1, 2, 3, \dots, a$ )

さらに①より,  $2l\pi - x \leq 2ax \leq 2l\pi$

$$\iff \frac{2l}{2a+1}\pi \leq x \leq \frac{l}{a}\pi \quad (l=1, 2, 3, \dots, a)$$

$n$  個の閉区間の和集合より,  $a=n$  (証明終)

$$x_l = \frac{l}{a}\pi - \frac{2l}{2a+1}\pi = \frac{l\pi}{a(2a+1)} \leftarrow (\text{区間の長さ}) \quad (l=1, 2, 3, \dots, a)$$

ここで,  $x_k = \frac{k\pi}{a(2a+1)}$  ( $k=1, 2, 3, \dots, a$ ) とすると,

$$\theta_k = 2b(2a+1)x_k = 2b(2a+1) \cdot \frac{k\pi}{a(2a+1)} = 2k\pi \cdot \frac{b}{a} \quad (k=1, 2, 3, \dots, a)$$

(証明終)

(2)  $1 \leq i < j \leq a$  を満たす自然数  $i, j$  に対し,

$$\begin{cases} ib = a \cdot q_i + r_i \\ jb = a \cdot q_j + r_j \end{cases} \quad \dots\dots ③$$

と表せる. (ただし,  $0 \leq r_i < a, 0 \leq r_j < a$ )

ここで,  $r_i = r_j$  とすると, ③より,

$$(j-i)b = a(q_j - q_i)$$

$a$  と  $b$  は互いに素な自然数より,

$$\begin{cases} j-i = am \\ q_j - q_i = bm \end{cases} \quad (m \text{ は自然数})$$

と表せるが, これは  $1 \leq i < j \leq a$  に矛盾.  $\therefore r_i \neq r_j$  (証明終)

これより, 一般に  $kb = a \cdot q_k + r_k$  ( $k=1, 2, 3, \dots, a$ ) において,

$r_1, r_2, r_3, \dots, r_a$  の  $a$  個は全て異なる.

$$\{r_1, r_2, r_3, \dots, r_a\} = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, a-1\} \leftarrow (\text{全体として一数})$$

よって,

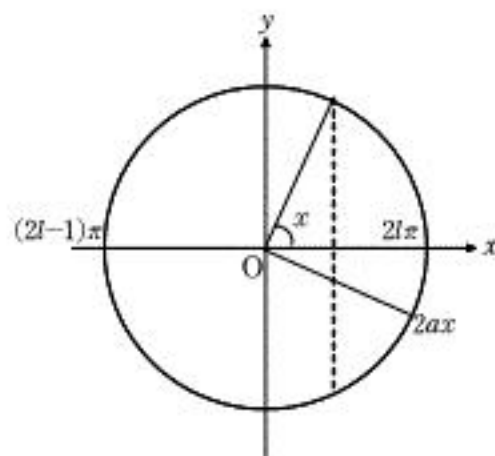
$$\begin{aligned} \theta_k &= 2k\pi \cdot \frac{b}{a} \\ &= 2\pi \cdot \frac{(a \cdot q_k + r_k)}{a} \\ &= 2\pi q_k + \frac{2\pi r_k}{a} \end{aligned}$$

これより,

$$\begin{cases} \cos \theta_k = \cos \left( 2\pi q_k + \frac{2\pi r_k}{a} \right) = \cos \frac{2\pi r_k}{a} \\ \sin \theta_k = \sin \left( 2\pi q_k + \frac{2\pi r_k}{a} \right) = \sin \frac{2\pi r_k}{a} \end{cases}$$

$$(\text{偏角}) = 0, \frac{2\pi}{a}, \frac{4\pi}{a}, \frac{6\pi}{a}, \dots, \frac{2(a-1)\pi}{a}$$

となるので,  $Z_k$  ( $k=1, 2, 3, \dots, a$ ) は単位円を  $a$  等分する分点. (証明終)



右図のように、正方形  $A_n B_n C_n D_n$  と正方形  $A_{n+1} B_{n+1} C_{n+1} D_{n+1}$  を用いて考える。  $A_n B_n = x_n$  とおくと、

$$B_n B_{n+1} : B_{n+1} A_{n+1} : A_{n+1} K_n = 1-t : t : (1-t)^2 \text{ より,}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B_n K_n &= \frac{(1-t) + t + (1-t)^2}{t} x_{n+1} \\ &= \frac{t^2 - 2t + 2}{t} x_{n+1} \end{aligned}$$

三角形  $A_n B_n K_n$  を用いて、

$$\left( \frac{t^2 - 2t + 2}{t} \right)^2 x_{n+1}^2 = x_n^2 + (1-t)^2 x_n^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x_{n+1}^2 = \frac{t^2}{t^2 - 2t + 2} x_n^2$$

$x_n > 0, t^2 - 2t + 2 > 0$  より、

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{t}{\sqrt{t^2 - 2t + 2}} x_n \quad (x_1 = 1)$$

$$\therefore x_n = \left( \frac{t}{\sqrt{t^2 - 2t + 2}} \right)^{n-1} \quad (n \geq 1)$$

これより、

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{(1-t)^2}{(1-t) + t + (1-t)^2} \triangle A_n B_n K_n \\ &= \frac{(1-t)^2}{t^2 - 2t + 2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot x_n \cdot (1-t)x_n \\ &= \frac{(1-t)^3}{2(t^2 - 2t + 2)} \left( \frac{t^2}{t^2 - 2t + 2} \right)^{n-1} \end{aligned}$$

ここで、  $0 < t < 1$  より、  $0 < \frac{t^2}{t^2 - 2t + 2} < 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n &= \frac{\frac{(1-t)^3}{2(t^2 - 2t + 2)}}{1 - \frac{t^2}{t^2 - 2t + 2}} = \frac{1}{4}(1-t)^2 = \frac{1}{8} \quad \therefore (1-t)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \\ \therefore t &= 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad (0 < t < 1) \quad (\text{答}) \end{aligned}$$

