

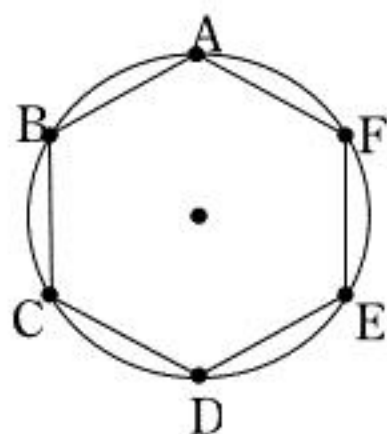
(1) 全場合の数…… ${}_7C_3 = 35$ (通り)

3 点が一直線上……

$(A, O, D), (F, O, C), (E, O, B)$

の 3 通り. ゆえに,

$$\frac{3}{35} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$



(2) 3 点を結ぶと正 3 角形……

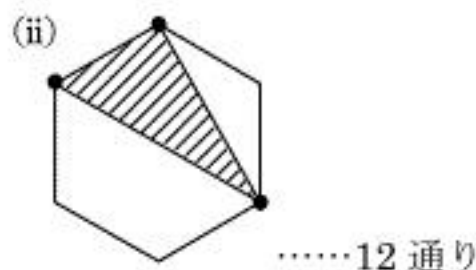
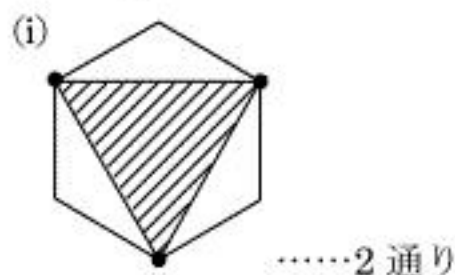
$(A, C, E), (F, B, D)$ (1 辺 $\sqrt{3}$)

$\left. \begin{array}{l} (O, A, B), (O, F, A), (O, E, F) \\ (O, D, E), (O, C, D), (O, B, C) \end{array} \right\}$ (1 辺 1)

の 8 通り. ゆえに,

$$\frac{8}{35} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$

(3) 面積が $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ より大きくなるのは(i)または(ii)の場合.



したがって,

$$\frac{14}{35} = \frac{2}{5} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$

$$t = \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\cos x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sin x \quad \cdots \cdots \textcircled{1}$$

$$(1) \quad t^2 = \frac{1}{2}\cos^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \frac{1}{2}\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2} - \sin x \cos x \iff \sin x \cos x = \frac{1}{2} - t^2 \quad \cdots \cdots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sqrt{2}\sin x - \sqrt{2}\cos x - \sin 2x \\ &= -2\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\cos x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sin x\right) - 2\sin x \cos x \\ &= -2t - 2\left(\frac{1}{2} - t^2\right) \quad (\textcircled{1}, \textcircled{2} \text{より}) \\ &= 2t^2 - 2t - 1 \quad \cdots \cdots (\text{答}) \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \quad t = \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \text{より, } -1 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} g(t) &= 2t^2 - 2t - 1 \\ &= 2\left(t - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

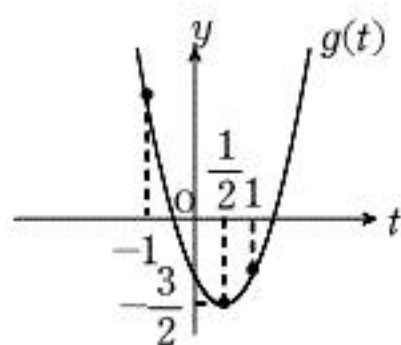
$$t = -1 \text{のとき, } x = \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2n\pi \quad (n \text{ は整数})$$

$$t = \frac{1}{2} \text{のとき, } x = \frac{1}{12}\pi + 2n\pi \text{ または } x = \frac{17}{12}\pi + 2n\pi \quad (n \text{ は整数})$$

したがって,

$$\text{最大値: } 3 \quad \left(x = \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2n\pi\right)$$

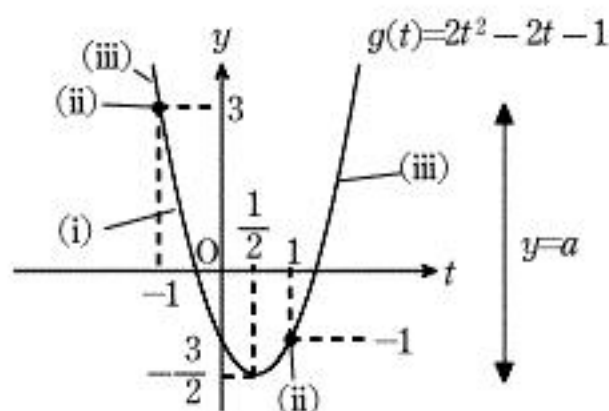
$$\text{最小値: } -\frac{3}{2} \quad \left(x = \frac{1}{12}\pi + 2n\pi \text{ または } x = \frac{17}{12}\pi + 2n\pi\right) \quad \cdots \cdots (\text{答})$$



(3) $0 \leq x < 2\pi$ の範囲で, $t = \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ と x の実数解の個数の対応を考える.

$y = g(t)$ と $y = a$ の共有点を考えて,

	t の個数	x の個数	
$ t < 1$	1個	2個	$\cdots \cdots \textcircled{i}$
$ t = 1$	1個	1個	$\cdots \cdots \textcircled{ii}$
$ t > 1$	1個	0個	$\cdots \cdots \textcircled{iii}$



上図より

$$a = -\frac{3}{2}, -1 < a < 3 \quad \cdots \cdots (\text{答})$$

$$(1) \quad C_1: f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2+3}, \quad f'(x) = \frac{-6x}{(x^2+3)^2}$$

$$C_2: g(x) = x^2 + k, \quad g'(x) = 2x$$

$x=t$ で $l_1 \perp l_2$ より,

$$\frac{-6t}{(t^2+3)^2} \cdot 2t = -1 \iff t^4 - 6t^2 + 9 = 0$$

$$\iff (t^2 - 3)^2 = 0$$

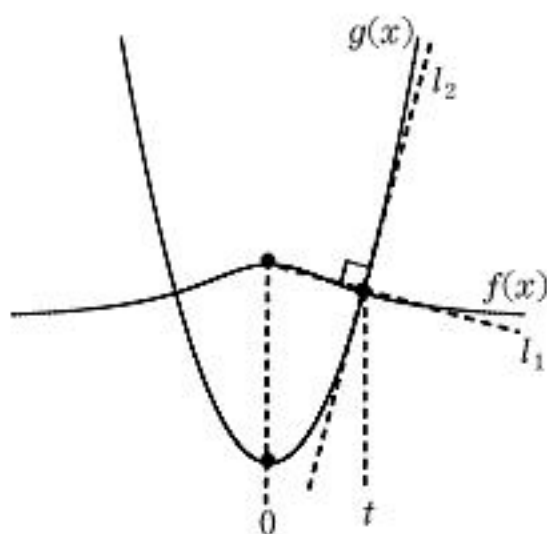
$$\therefore t = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

y 座標を考えて,

$$f(\sqrt{3}) = g(\sqrt{3}) \iff \frac{1}{2} = 3 + k$$

$$\therefore k = -\frac{5}{2} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$

$$\text{共有点は} \left(\sqrt{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right), \left(-\sqrt{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right) \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$



$$(2) \quad S_1 = \frac{1}{6}(\sqrt{3} - (-\sqrt{3}))^3 = 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_2 &= \int_{-\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{3}{x^2+3} - \frac{1}{2} \right) dx \\ &= 2 \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{3}{x^2+3} - \frac{1}{2} \right) dx \\ &= 2 \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{3}{x^2+3} dx - 2 \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{2} dx \\ &= 2 \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{3}{x^2+3} dx - \sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$T = \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{3}{x^2+3} dx \text{ とする.}$$

$x = \sqrt{3} \tan \theta$ とすると,

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cos^2 \theta} \iff dx = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cos^2 \theta} d\theta$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x & 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{3} \\ \hline \theta & 0 \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T &= \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{3}{x^2+3} dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{3}{3(1+\tan^2 \theta)} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cos^2 \theta} d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sqrt{3} d\theta \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \pi \end{aligned}$$

したがって

$$S = S_1 + S_2 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \pi + 3\sqrt{3} \quad \dots\dots (\text{答})$$

